

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF
M/s.RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC
DUBAI INTERNET CITY, DUBAI - (U.A.E.)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2024**

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COMPANY INFORMATION

1. Name & Address of the Company

M/s. Ramco Systems FZ-LLC
P. O. Box 500189
Dubai Internet City
Dubai (U.A.E.)
Tel: 04 - 3685394

Location: Dubai Internet City, Dubai (U.A.E.)

2. Bankers to the Company

- 2.1 Citibank
Dubai Branch
P. O. Box 749
Dubai (U.A.E.)
- 2.2 El-Nilein Bank
Abu Dhabi Branch
P. O. Box 46013
Abu Dhabi (U.A.E.)
- 2.3 Mashreq Bank
Dubai Internet City Branch
P. O. Box 500287
Dubai (U.A.E.)
- 2.4 HSBC Bank
Bur Dubai Branch
P. O. Box 66
Dubai (U.A.E.)

3. Auditors to the Company

M/s.SALIM RAJKOTWALA
Chartered Accountants
P. O. Box 40972,
Dubai (U.A.E.)

Tel: 04 - 2368945
Fax: 04 - 2368944

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OFFICE BEARERS

Directors

1. Mr. Venketrama Raja P.R. Raja
P. O. Box 500189
Dubai Internet City

Tel: 04 - 3685394
2. Mr. Ramamurthy Ravi Kula Chandran
P. O. Box 500189
Dubai Internet City

Tel: 04 - 3685394
3. Mr. Venkataramanan Harikrishnan
P. O. Box 500189
Dubai Internet City

Tel: 04 - 3685394

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF
M/s.RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC, DUBAI INTERNET CITY

The Directors are pleased to present herewith the report of the Board of Directors of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Financial Results

The net (loss) for the year after all expenses is	AED	(23,627,010)
Retained profits brought forward from previous year	AED	18,832,091
And the net surplus carried forward is	AED	<u>(4,794,919)</u>

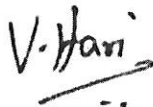
Dividend

The Company has a net deficit of AED 4,794,919. The Directors do not recommend distribution of any dividend during the year.

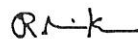
Auditors

The Board of Directors recommend re-appointing M/s.Salim Rajkotwala Chartered Accountants, Dubai (U.A.E.), as Auditors to the Company for the year to end on 31 March 2025.

On behalf of the Board of Directors



Mr. Venkataramanan Harikrishnan
Director



Mr. Ramamurthy Ravi Kula Chandran
Director

Date: 16 May 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF **M/s. RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC** **DUBAI INTERNET CITY - (U.A.E.)**

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements ("the financial statements") of **M/s. RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC, DUBAI INTERNET CITY, U.A.E.** (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at **31st March 2024**, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out on Pages 4 to 25.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31st March 2024 and of the Company's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended and have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS").

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the note no. 2 in the financial statements. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. For the year ended 31 March 2024, accumulated losses AED 4,794,919 exceeds the Company's share capital by AED 4,744,919. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, since the shareholder has committed to provide such financial support as may be required to enable the Company to meet its debts and obligations as they fall due.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standard Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable law in the United Arab Emirates and Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS"), and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Contd...[2]



Independent Auditor's Report (Contd...)

M/s. Ramco Systems FZ-LLC, Dubai

Year ended 31 March 2024

Management's Responsibility (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate the Company, or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- * Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- * Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Contd...[3]

Independent Auditor's Report (Contd...)
M/s. Ramco Systems FZ-LLC, Dubai
Year ended 31 March 2024

Auditor's Responsibilities (continued)

- * Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Regulatory Matters

We also confirm that in our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the Company, and that these financial statements and the contents of the Directors' Report are in agreement with the books of account. We have obtained all the information and explanations we required for the purpose of our audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief no breach of the Free Zone Regulations and applicable laws or the Memorandum of Association of the Company has occurred during the year which would have had a material effect on the Company's business or financial position.


SALIM RAJKOTWALA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DUBAI 16 MAY 2024

Registration No. 805

RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC
P. O. BOX 500189, DUBAI INTERNET CITY
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2024
IN UAE DIRHAMS

Salim Rajkotwala Chartered Accountants - Dubai & Sharjah

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>31.03.2024</u>	<u>31.03.2023</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Property and equipment	4	42,946	33,733
Right-to-use assets	5	-	150,179
Financial assets			
Accounts receivables	6(i)	-	107,932
Security deposits		95,334	93,628
Unbilled licenses revenue	8(i)	789,029	4,229,518
Total non-current assets		<u>927,309</u>	<u>4,614,990</u>
<u>Current assets</u>			
Financial assets			
Accounts receivables	6(ii)	3,724,458	18,099,578
Accounts receivables related parties	7	414,179	-
Bank balances	9	528,287	489,327
Other financial assets			
Employee advance		91,745	535,448
Unbilled licenses revenue	8(ii)	116,646	4,019,723
Loan to a related party	10	3,214,011	8,236,484
Other current assets			
Advance to suppliers		92,044	135,409
Advance to a related party		-	-
Prepaid expenses		227,468	130,650
Unbilled services revenue	8(ii)	368,979	2,024,497
Total current assets		<u>8,777,817</u>	<u>33,671,116</u>
Total assets		<u>9,705,126</u>	<u>38,286,106</u>
<u>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES</u>			
<u>Shareholders' funds</u>			
Share capital	11	50,000	50,000
Retained (loss)/profit		(4,794,919)	18,832,091
Total Shareholders' funds		<u>(4,744,919)</u>	<u>18,882,091</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>			
<u>Non-current liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities, related parties	13(i)	-	17,843
Other non-current liabilities			
Unearned revenue		-	-
Provision for gratuity and leave encashment	14(i)	1,092,125	1,279,389
Total non-current liabilities		<u>1,092,125</u>	<u>1,297,232</u>

Contd...[5]



Balance Sheet (Contd...)
M/s. Ramco Systems FZ-LLC, Dubai
Year ended 31 March 2024

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>31.03.2024</u>	<u>31.03.2023</u>
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Accounts payables related parties	15	3,273,886	2,712,411
Accounts payables		1,783,553	4,693,923
Lease liabilities	12(ii)	-	143,651
Other financial liabilities, related parties	13(ii)	-	156,203
Provision for gratuity and leave encashment	14(ii)	142,545	199,124
Other current liabilities			
Expenses payable		1,041,616	415,057
Value Added Tax payable		59,430	72,577
Unearned revenue		7,056,890	9,646,403
Customer advance		-	67,434
Total current liabilities		<u>13,357,920</u>	<u>18,106,783</u>
Total liabilities		<u>14,450,045</u>	<u>19,404,015</u>
Total Shareholders' funds and liabilities		<u><u>9,705,126</u></u>	<u><u>38,286,106</u></u>

Annexed Schedule of Notes forms an integral part of these financial statements.

For RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC

Rmk

DIRECTOR

V. Hari

DIRECTOR



RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC
P. O. BOX 500189, DUBAI INTERNET CITY
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
IN UAE DIRHAMS

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Current Year</u>	<u>Previous Year</u>
<u>Income</u>			
Revenue from operations			
Revenue from software products		8,466,869	10,614,905
Revenue from software services		9,486,063	8,616,345
Value added hardware and software re-sale		-	58,760
Finance income		545,113	737,283
Total income		18,498,045	20,027,293
<u>Expenses</u>			
Royalty to related parties		2,656,107	3,326,196
Service fees to related parties		6,399,014	3,798,783
Cost of sales		-	36,829
Employee benefits expense		8,334,478	7,805,473
Finance costs			
Interest on lease liability		3,748	14,028
Interest on loan from banks		450	27,159
Other finance costs		65,100	140,757
Depreciation expense		14,999	10,999
Depreciation on leased assets		150,179	150,179
Other expenses	16	24,500,980	16,524,088
Total expenses		42,125,055	31,834,491
NET (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		(23,627,010)	(11,807,198)

Annexed Schedule of Notes forms an integral part of these financial statements.

For RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC

R.M.K.

DIRECTOR

V. Hari

DIRECTOR



RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC
P. O. BOX 500189, DUBAI INTERNET CITY
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
IN UAE DIRHAMS

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Current Year</u>	<u>Previous Year</u>
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Net (loss) for the year		(23,627,010)	(11,807,198)
<u>Adjustments for:</u>			
Depreciation expense		14,999	10,999
Depreciation on leased assets		150,179	150,179
Provisions for gratuity and leave encashment		339,914	727,325
Operating (loss) before working capital changes		(23,121,918)	(10,918,695)
Decrease in accounts receivable and prepayments		23,870,680	10,923,660
(Decrease)/Increase in accounts payable and accruals		(4,953,905)	4,397,692
Decrease/(Increase) in amounts due from related parties		4,608,294	(5,324,377)
Increase in amounts due to related parties		561,475	1,981,439
(Decrease) in other financial liabilities to related parties		(174,046)	(250,898)
Payment for gratuity and leave encashment		(583,757)	(332,240)
Net cash received from operating activities	(A)	206,823	476,581
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Purchase of fixed assets		(24,212)	(33,552)
Addition of right to use of assets		-	(300,358)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(B)	(24,212)	(333,910)
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
(Decrease)/Increase in lease liabilities		(143,651)	143,651
Net cash(used in)/ received from financing activities	(C)	(143,651)	143,651
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	38,960	286,322
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		489,327	203,005
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	17	528,287	489,327

For RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC

Rmk

DIRECTOR

V. Hari
DIRECTOR



RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC
P. O. BOX 500189, DUBAI INTERNET CITY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
IN UAE DIRHAMS

	<u>Share Capital</u>	<u>Retained Profit/(Loss)</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance as on 31.03.2022	50,000	30,639,289	30,689,289
(Loss) for the year	-	(11,807,198)	(11,807,198)
Balance as on 31.03.2023	50,000	18,832,091	18,882,091
(Loss) for the year	-	(23,627,010)	(23,627,010)
Balance as on 31.03.2024	50,000	(4,794,919)	(4,744,919)

For RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC

Rmk

DIRECTOR

V. Hani

DIRECTOR



RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC
P. O. BOX 500189, DUBAI INTERNET CITY
SCHEDULE OF NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
FIGURES IN UAE DIRHAMS

1. LEGAL STATUS

- 1.1 M/s. RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC, DUBAI INTERNET CITY, U.A.E., is a Free Zone Company incorporated on 22nd June 2011, with limited liability registered under Dubai Technology Electronic Commerce and Media Free Zone Dubai, U.A.E. The following is its shareholder:

		Share in Capital/ Profit & Losses
M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, India	-	100%
		<u>100%</u>

- 1.2 The Company is involved in the Information Technology industry and the principal activities of the Company are software and systems development, software sales, consultancy and related services.
- 1.3 The principal place of business of the Company is located at Dubai Internet City, Dubai, U.A.E.

2. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. For the year ended 31 March 2024, accumulated losses AED 4,794,919 exceeds the Company's share capital by AED 4,744,919. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, since the shareholders have committed to provide such financial support as may be required to enable the Company to meet its debts and obligations as they fall due.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been re-structured from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), (2019) to Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS"), (as prescribed under the Companies Act in India) in order to facilitate the global consolidation by the Parent Company, in accordance with the internal rules for consolidation. There is no material impact from restructuring these financial statements from IFRS to Ind AS. Management of the Company is responsible for these re-structured financial statements.

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied in dealing with items considered material to the Company's financial statements:



3.1 Accounting Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

3.2 Accrual Concept

Income and expenditure have been accounted on accrual basis.

3.4 Property, Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost is depreciated on straight-line basis over their expected useful lives as follows:

<u>Item</u>	<u>No. of years</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Furniture, fixtures & office equipment	4 years	25%
Computer hardware	3-4 years	33.33%

3.5 Accounts Receivables

Accounts receivables are recognized for amounts to be received in future for goods or services delivered. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a specific identification of defaulting customers and provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, accounts receivables are written-off from books when they become bad, irrecoverable and are not subject to enforcement activity.

3.6 Accounts Payable and Accruals

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

3.7 Employee Benefits

Provision has been made in the accounts for End-of-Term and other benefits accruing to staff as per the UAE Labour Law and contractual agreements.



3.8 Foreign Currency Conversion

Balances in foreign currencies have been converted into UAE Dirhams at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at rates ruling when the transaction was entered into.

Gains or losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are taken to profit and loss account.

3.9 Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues from Software Solutions & Services. Revenues are derived from the following streams:

Revenue from Software Products, in the form of (a) Software Licensing (b) Subscription for Software as a Service (c) Product Support Services and (d) Application Maintenance Services;

Revenue from Software Services, in the form of (a) Implementation / Professional Services (b) Managed Services;

Revenue from Resale of Hardware & Software.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for finance components and volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonus, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customers.

Revenue is recognised in the profit and loss account upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those services or products and excluding taxes or duties. To recognise revenues, the Company applies the following five step approach: (1) identify the contract with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (5) recognise revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied.

At contract inception, the Company assesses its promise to transfer products or services to a customer to identify separate performance obligations. The Company applies judgement to determine whether each product or service promised to a customer is capable of being distinct, and are distinct in the context of the contract, if not, the promised products or services are combined and accounted as a single performance obligation. The Company allocates the contract value to separately identifiable performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling price (mostly as reflected in the contracts) or residual method. Standalone selling prices are determined based on sale prices for the components when it is regularly sold separately. In cases where the Company is unable to determine the stand-alone selling price, the Company uses expected cost-plus margin approach in estimating the stand-alone selling price.

For performance obligations where control is transferred over time, revenues are recognised by measuring progress towards completion of the performance obligation. The selection of the method to measure progress towards completion requires judgment and is based on the nature of the promised products or services to be provided.



3.9 Revenue Recognition (continued)

The method for recognising revenues depends on the nature of the products sold / services rendered:

1) Revenue from Software Products

(a) Software Licensing

Software licensing revenues represent all fees earned from granting customers licenses to use the Company's software, through initial licensing and or through the purchase of additional modules or user rights. For software license arrangements that do not require significant modification or customisation of the underlying software, revenue is recognised on delivery of the software and when the customer obtains a right to use such licenses.

(b) Subscription for Software as a Service

Subscription fees for offering the hosted software as a service are recognised as revenue ratably on straight line basis, over the term of the subscription arrangement.

(c) Product Support Services

Fees for product support services, covering inter alia improvement and upgradation of the basic Software, whether sold separately (e.g., renewal period AMC) or as an element of a multiple-element arrangement, are recognised as revenue ratably on straight line basis, over the term of the support arrangement.

(d) Application Maintenance Services

Fees for the application maintenance services, covering inter alia the support of the customised software, are recognised as revenue ratably on straight line basis, over the term of the support arrangement.

2) Revenue from Software Services

(a) Implementation / Professional Services

Software Implementation / Professional Services contracts are either fixed price or time and material based.

Revenues from fixed price contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time, are recognised using the "percentage of completion" method. Percentage of completion is determined based on project costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated project costs required to complete the project. The cost expended (or input) method has been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. The performance obligations are satisfied as and when the services are rendered since the customer generally obtains control of the work as it progresses.

Where the Software is required to be substantially customised as part of the implementation service, the entire fee for licensing and implementation services is considered to be a single performance obligation and the revenue is recognised using the percentage of completion method as the implementation services are performed.



3.9 Revenue Recognition (continued)**2) Revenue from Software Services**

Revenues from implementation services in respect of hosting contracts are to be recognised as revenue ratably over the longer of the contract term or the estimated expected life of the customer relationship. However, considering the existence of partners being available for rendering such implementation services, these services are considered to be a separate element and recognised in accordance with percentage of completion method.

When total cost estimates exceed revenues in an arrangement, the estimated losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates as a contract provision.

In the case of time and material contracts, revenue is recognised based on billable time spent in the project, priced at the contractual rate.

Any change in scope or price is considered as a contract modification. The Company accounts for modifications to existing contracts by assessing whether the services added are distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catch up basis, while those that are distinct are accounted for prospectively as a separate contract if the additional services are priced at the standalone selling price.

Non-refundable one-time upfront fees for enablement / application installation, consisting of standardisation set-up, initiation or activation or user login creation services in the case of hosting contracts, are recognised in accordance with percentage of completion method once the customer obtains a right to access and use the Software.

(b) Managed Services

Fees for managed services, which include business processing services, are recognised as revenue as the related services are performed.

3) Revenue from Resale of Hardware & Software

Revenue from sale of traded hardware / software is recognised on transfer of significant risks, rewards and control to the customer.

4) Revenue from Finance Income

Revenue from finance income is recognised based on the imputed interest attributable to arrangements having extended credit period which is eliminated from the revenue from operations and accounted as interest over the credit period.

Contract assets, liabilities and financing arrangements

A contract asset is a right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets primarily relate to unbilled amounts on implementation / professional services contracts and are classified as non-financial asset as the contractual right to consideration is dependent on completion of contractual milestones (which we refer to as unbilled services revenue).



3.9 Revenue Recognition (continued)

Unbilled revenues on software licensing are classified as a financial asset where the right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time (which we refer to as unbilled licenses revenue).

A contract liability is an entity's obligation to transfer software products or software services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration (or the amount is due) from the customer (which we refer to as unearned revenue).

The Company assesses the timing of the transfer of software products or software services to the customer as compared to the timing of payments to determine whether a significant financing component exists. As a practical expedient, the Company does not assess the existence of a significant financing component when the difference between payment and transfer of deliverables is a year or less. If the difference in timing arises for reasons other than the provision of finance to either the customer or us, no financing component is deemed to exist.

Value Added Tax (VAT)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised at amounts net of value added tax except:

(a) where VAT incurred on purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the VAT is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or part of the expense items, as applicable.

(b) where receivables and payables are stated with the amount of VAT included.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from or payable to the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

3.10 Cost of Sale

Cost of sales includes purchases and other direct expenses.

3.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement consist of cash, balances with banks, bank overdraft and deposits with banks with a maturity of three months or less from the date of deposit.

3.12 Impairment of Assets

Financial Assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses if there is any objective evidence indicating impairment of financial assets or non-collectability of receivables.

For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables. Refer to note 19 on credit risk for further detail.



Non-financial Assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses if there is any indication of impairment of non-financial assets. If an indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset and recognizes an impairment loss in the profit and loss account. The Company also assesses if there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized in prior years no longer exists or has reduced. The resultant impairment loss or reversals are recognized immediately in the profit and loss account.

3.13 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments comprise cash, bank balances, deposits, advances, trade debtors, amounts due from/to related parties, trade creditors, and accruals. The financial instruments are recognized on the balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

3.14 Leases

For any new contracts entered into on or after 1 April 2019, the Company considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

The Company has identified that it has one long-term lease in the current financial year. Management has decided to use the Modified Approach to account for its long-term lease and has accounted for the same through a Right-of-Use asset and a Lease Liability. The Right-of-Use asset is depreciated over the life of the lease and interest is accrued on the lease liability at the incremental borrowing rate of the Company.

The Company has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognizing a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognized as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



4. **PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**
FURNITURE, FIXTURES & OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Cost

	<u>31.03.2024</u>	<u>31.03.2023</u>
As at 31.03.2023	229,126	195,574
Addition during the year	24,212	33,552
As at 31.03.2024	<u>253,338</u>	<u>229,126</u>

Less: Depreciation

Upto 31.03.2023	195,393	184,394
For the year	14,999	10,999
Upto 31.03.2024	<u>210,392</u>	<u>195,393</u>

Net Book Value

As at 31.03.2024	<u>42,946</u>	<u>33,733</u>
As at 31.03.2023	<u>33,733</u>	<u>11,180</u>

5. **RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS**
LEASEHOLD PREMISES

Cost

As at 31.03.2023	859,372	559,014
Addition during the year	-	300,358
As at 31.03.2024	<u>859,372</u>	<u>859,372</u>

Less: Depreciation

Upto 31.03.2023	709,193	559,014
For the year	150,179	150,179
Upto 31.03.2024	<u>859,372</u>	<u>709,193</u>

Net Book Value

As at 31.03.2024	<u>-</u>	<u>150,179</u>
As at 31.03.2023	<u>150,179</u>	<u>-</u>

Note:

The renewal for the lease was for a period of 24 months and began on 1st April 2022.



6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**(i) Non-current portion**

Accounts receivable (Notes: a, b, c, d, e & f)	15,913,657	7,017,458
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(15,913,657)	(6,909,526)
	-	107,932

(ii) Current portion

Accounts receivable (Notes: a, b, c, d, e & f)	5,000,679	20,110,642
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(1,276,221)	(2,011,064)
	3,724,458	18,099,578
	3,724,458	18,207,510

Notes:**a) Ageing of Accounts receivable:**

Outstanding for more than twelve months	15,913,657	19,650,352
Outstanding for more than six months but less than twelve months	728,182	762,014
Outstanding for less than six months	4,272,497	6,715,734
	20,914,336	27,128,100

b) Due from top five accounts receivable at the year-end

	14,478,647	13,079,837
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c) Number of accounts receivable at the year-end

	63	68
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d) Accounts receivable are geographically distributed as below:

i) In AGCC countries	56%	44%
ii) In Africa	43%	54%
iii) In other countries	1%	2%
	100%	100%

e) All receivables have been provisioned against due to uncertainty in collections.**7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLES RELATED PARTIES**

M/s. Ramco Systems Corporation, United States of America	31,819	-
M/s. Ramco Systems Inc, Philippines	29,534	-
M/s. Ramco Systems Pte Limited., Singapore	352,826	-
	414,179	-

Note:

Amounts due from related parties are unsecured, free of interest and payable on demand.



8. UNBILLED REVENUE(i) Non-current portion

Unbilled licenses revenue (Note: a)	7,385,656	7,177,152
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(6,596,627)	(2,947,634)
	<u>789,029</u>	<u>4,229,518</u>
Unbilled service revenue (Note: a)	1,192,271	1,412,058
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(1,192,271)	(1,412,058)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

(ii) Current portion

Unbilled licenses revenue (Note: a)	230,678	4,322,283
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(114,032)	(302,560)
	<u>116,646</u>	<u>4,019,723</u>
Unbilled services revenue (Note: a)	506,424	2,176,879
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(137,445)	(152,382)
	<u>368,979</u>	<u>2,024,497</u>
	<u><u>1,274,654</u></u>	<u><u>10,273,738</u></u>

Note:

- a) Unbilled revenue are amounts receivable against license, services and maintenance contracts. These amounts are supported by signed agreements and are considered good for recovery by management and provision for expected credit losses have been provided.

9. BANK AND CASH BALANCES

Cash on hand	(A)	92,292	-
<u>Balances with Banks</u>			
In current accounts			
Balance as per bank confirmation		323,266	489,327
Add: Cheque deposit not reflected in bank statement		115,891	-
Less: Customer deposit not recorded in the books		(3,162)	-
Balance as per books	(B)	<u>435,995</u>	<u>489,327</u>
TOTAL	(A+B)	<u><u>528,287</u></u>	<u><u>489,327</u></u>



31.03.2024 31.03.2023

10. LOAN TO A RELATED PARTY

M/s. Ramco Systems PTE. LTD, Singapore

Balance as on 31.03.2023	8,236,484	2,067,998
Add: Net movement during the year	(5,022,473)	6,168,486
Balance as on 31.03.2024	3,214,011	8,236,484

Note :

As per the loan agreement dated 1st December 2021, the loan has been sanctioned to meet the day-to-day operation expenses of the related party M/s. Ramco Systems PTE. LTD, Singapore. The loan is unsecured and carries an interest rate of 7% per annum and the outstanding amount is repayable on demand.

11. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorised share capital of the Company consists of 50 ordinary share of AED 1,000/= each, issued, subscribed and fully paid-up, as under:

M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, India	50 shares	50,000	50,000
		<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>

12. LEASE LIABILITIES

Current portion

Premises on lease	-	143,651
	<u>-</u>	<u>143,651</u>

Note:

The lease liability is calculated using 7% as the interest rate, for discounting purposes.

13. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES, RELATED PARTIES

(i) Non-current portion

Royalty payable to Ramco Systems Limited, India	-	17,843
	<u>-</u>	<u>17,843</u>

(ii) Current portion

Royalty payable to Ramco Systems Limited, India	-	156,203
	<u>-</u>	<u>156,203</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>174,046</u>



31.03.2024 31.03.2023

14. PROVISION FOR GRATUITY AND LEAVE ENCASHMENT

(i) Non-current portion

Employees' terminal benefits (Note : a)	770,764	889,752
Provision for leave encashment	321,361	389,637
	<u>1,092,125</u>	<u>1,279,389</u>

(ii) Current portion

Employees' terminal benefits (Note : a)	112,425	157,160
Provision for leave encashment	30,120	41,964
	<u>142,545</u>	<u>199,124</u>
	<u><u>1,234,670</u></u>	<u><u>1,478,513</u></u>

Note:

- (a) Provision for end of service benefits is made in accordance with the requirements of the applicable laws of the India. However, the amount of provision is greater than required by the applicable laws of U.A.E. This is an unfunded defined benefits plan. Employees are entitled to benefits based on length of service and final remuneration. Accrued employees' terminal benefits are payable on termination or completion of the term of employment. This cost is expensed annually to the profit and loss account.

Balance as on 31.03.2023	1,046,912	784,441
Additional provision during the year	270,318	510,489
Paid during the year	(434,041)	(248,018)
Balance as on 31.03.2024	<u><u>883,189</u></u>	<u><u>1,046,912</u></u>

15. ACCOUNTS PAYABLES RELATED PARTIES

M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, India	2,489,476	1,766,994
M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, U.A.E	29,093	26,423
M/s. RSL Software Company Limited, Sudan	7,093	7,093
M/s. Ramco Systems Pte Limited., Singapore	139,871	521,892
M/s. Ramco Systems Australia Pty. Limited., Australia	57,582	358,851
M/s. Ramco Systems Corporation, United States of America	512,365	26,140
M/s. Ramco Systems Sdn Bhd., Malaysia	30,607	5,018
M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, United Kingdom	3,813	-
M/s. Ramco Systems Australia Pty Ltd, New Zealand	3,986	-
	<u><u>3,273,886</u></u>	<u><u>2,712,411</u></u>

Note:

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, free of interest and payable on demand.



16. OTHER EXPENSES

	<u>Current Year</u>	<u>Previous Year</u>
Advertisement & sales promotion	723,986	440,372
Audit, accountancy & legal charges	1,046,055	4,120,100
Bad and doubtful debts	15,812,547	8,424,918
Bank charges	197,121	96,865
Forex translation loss/(gain)	350,198	(26,317)
Insurance premium	182,603	55,915
Outsourcing costs	1,734,800	1,270,920
Postage & telephone	170,278	94,070
Utilities	84,517	110,978
Printing and stationery	6,184	1,559
Rates and taxes	537,835	69,725
Rent & hosting charges	1,620,539	1,204,855
Repairs and maintenance	149,198	105,474
Sales commission	70,528	(745,992)
Software subscription & AMC	35,681	97,464
Travelling and conveyance	1,778,910	1,203,182
	<u>24,500,980</u>	<u>16,524,088</u>

31.03.202431.03.2023**17. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows comprises of the following balance sheet amounts:

Bank and cash balances	528,287	489,327
	<u>528,287</u>	<u>489,327</u>

18. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company has in the ordinary course of business, entered into trading and financial transactions with "related parties" as contained in the Indian Accounting Standard No. 24. The terms of such transactions were approved by the management. The amounts due to related parties are unsecured, interest free and payable on demand (excluding loans which carries an interest).



31.03.2024 31.03.2023

18. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

a) Transactions with Related Parties :

Royalty to related parties	2,656,107	3,326,196
Service fees to related parties	6,399,014	3,798,783
Employee benefits expense	517,168	1,133,941
Bank charges	121,539	25,389
Rent & hosting charges	1,369,730	1,242,428
Travelling and conveyance	583,708	451,068
Interest on loan to related parties	(361,133)	(464,743)

b) Outstanding Balances with Related Parties

Due to Related Parties at the year-end :

M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, India	2,489,476	1,766,994
M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, U.A.E	29,093	26,423
M/s. RSL Software Company Limited, Sudan	7,093	7,093
M/s. Ramco Systems Pte Limited., Singapore	139,871	521,892
M/s. Ramco Systems Australia Pty. Limited., Australia	57,582	358,851
M/s. Ramco Systems Corporation, United States of America	512,365	26,140
M/s. Ramco Systems Sdn Bhd., Malaysia	30,607	5,018
M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, United Kingdom	3,813	-
M/s. Ramco Systems Australia Pty Ltd, New Zealand	3,986	-
	<u>3,273,886</u>	<u>2,712,411</u>

Due from Related Parties at the year-end :

M/s. Ramco Systems Corporation, United States of America	31,819	-
M/s. Ramco Systems Inc, Philippines	29,534	-
M/s. Ramco Systems Pte Limited., Singapore	352,826	-
Loan to a related party -M/s. Ramco Systems Pte Ltd., Singapore	3,214,011	8,236,484
	<u>3,628,190</u>	<u>8,236,484</u>



31.03.2024

31.03.2023

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTSDerivative & exchange rate risks

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The Company does not have any foreign exchange forward contracts or options to manage its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The following are the foreign currency assets and liabilities at 31st March 2024:

Financial Assets in Foreign Currency:*Held in USD*

Accounts receivables	19,874,684	26,524,754
In current account with a bank	103,246	161,316
Amount due from related parties	31,819	-
	<u>19,977,930</u>	<u>26,686,070</u>

Held in EUR

In current account with a bank	<u>23,016</u>	<u>23,212</u>
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Held in SAR

Deposit with suppliers	<u>87,176</u>	<u>-</u>
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Held in SGD

Amount due from related parties	<u>352,826</u>	<u>-</u>
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Financial Liability in Foreign Currency:*Held in USD*

Accounts payable	673,761	932,691
Amount due to related parties	512,365	26,140
	<u>1,186,126</u>	<u>958,831</u>

Held in SGD

Amount due to related parties	<u>139,871</u>	<u>521,892</u>
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Held in AUD

Amount due to related parties	<u>57,582</u>	<u>358,851</u>
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Held in SAR

Accounts payable	<u>-</u>	<u>43,591</u>
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Held in QAR

Accounts payable	<u>9,329</u>	<u>7,373</u>
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Held in MYR

Amount due to related parties	<u>30,607</u>	<u>5,018</u>
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Held in GBP

Amount due to related parties	<u>3,813</u>	<u>-</u>
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Held in NZD

Amount due to related parties	<u>3,986</u>	<u>-</u>
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Credit risks

Financial assets which potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of bank and accounts receivables. Bank balances are with regulated financial institutions. Credit risk of accounts receivables is stated in Note 6 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) & (f).

Accounts receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a specific identification of defaulting customers and provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, accounts receivables are written-off from books when they become bad, irrecoverable and are not subject to enforcement activity.

Interest rate risks

Interest is charged on loan to related parties at a rate of 7% per annum. Interest paid on short-term borrowings from banks and others as per prevailing market conditions. Interest rate risk on other assets/liabilities is immaterial.

Fair value

At the balance sheet date, the carrying amount of bank and cash balances, accounts receivables, accounts payable and amount due from/to related parties approximated their fair values.

	<u>31.03.2024</u>	<u>31.03.2023</u>
20. <u>CORPORATE GUARANTEE BY HOLDING COMPANY</u>		
Corporate guarantee *	-	3,673,500
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,673,500</u>

Note * :

M/s. Ramco Systems Limited, India (Holding Company) had issued a Corporate Guarantee to HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, U.A.E to secure the credit facilities to an extent of USD 1,000,000 (AED 3,673,500).

21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Company does not have any capital commitments as at 31st March 2024.



22. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

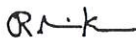
Comparative figures have been re-grouped/re-classified wherever necessary to conform the current year's classification.

23. TAXATION

On 9 December 2022, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Ministry of Finance (MoF) released Federal Decree-Law No. 47 of 2022 on the Taxation of Corporations and Businesses ("CT Law") to enact a new corporate tax (CT) regime in the UAE. The new CT regime will become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2023.

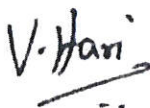
Since the provisions of the UAE CT Law will apply to tax periods commencing on or after 1 June 2023, the related current taxes shall be accounted for in the financial statements of the Company for the period beginning 1 April 2024. However, the related deferred tax accounting will be considered for the financial year ending 31 March 2025. Management has performed preliminary assessment of the CT Law in the light of the provisions, interpretations and cabinet decisions released so far, and believes that there is no material impact of deferred tax on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024.

For RAMCO SYSTEMS FZ-LLC



DIRECTOR

C/1988



DIRECTOR

